



Learning Objective: To multiply, divide, add, and subtract algebraic fractions.

Equations with Algebraic Fractions

To add or subtract algebraic fractions:

- Find the lowest common denominator (LCD)
- Form equivalent fractions using the LCD
- Add or subtract the numerators
- Simplify the fraction by factorising and cancelling

Example

Simplify

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x-2}{3} - \frac{2x-3}{4} &= \frac{4(x-2)}{12} - \frac{3(2x-3)}{12} \\ &= \frac{4(x-2) - 3(2x-3)}{12} \\ &= \frac{4x-8-6x+9}{12} \\ &= \frac{1-2x}{12}\end{aligned}$$

i

Tip
Write the positive term
before the negative

Simplify the fractions.

$$\frac{20a^2 - 30ab}{10a}$$

$$\frac{16x^2 - 20xy}{4x}$$

$$\frac{15x^2 - 20xy}{5x}$$

Simplify the following.

$$\frac{1-3x}{5} - \frac{x-2}{3}$$

$$\frac{y+1}{12} + \frac{4-2y}{6}$$

$$\frac{10y-4}{3} - \frac{2y+1}{6}$$



Learning Objective: To multiply, divide, add, and subtract algebraic fractions.

Equations with Algebraic Fractions

To add or subtract algebraic fractions:

- Find the lowest common denominator (LCD)
- Form equivalent fractions using the LCD
- Add or subtract the numerators
- Simplify the fraction by factorising and cancelling

Example

Simplify

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x-2}{3} - \frac{2x-3}{4} &= \frac{4(x-2)}{12} - \frac{3(2x-3)}{12} \\ &= \frac{4(x-2) - 3(2x-3)}{12} \\ &= \frac{4x-8-6x+9}{12} \\ &= \frac{1-2x}{12}\end{aligned}$$

i

Tip
Write the positive term
before the negative

Simplify the fractions.

$$\frac{20a^2 - 30ab}{10a}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{20a^2 - 30ab}{10a} &= \frac{\cancel{10}a(2a-3b)}{\cancel{10}a} \\ &= 2a - 3b\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{16x^2 - 20xy}{4x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{16x^2 - 20xy}{4x} &= \frac{\cancel{4}x(4x-5y)}{\cancel{4}x} \\ &= 4x - 5y\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{15x^2 - 20xy}{5x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{15x^2 - 20xy}{5x} &= \frac{\cancel{5}x(3x-4y)}{\cancel{5}x} \\ &= 3x - 4y\end{aligned}$$

Simplify the following.

$$\frac{1-3x}{5} - \frac{x-2}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1-3x}{5} - \frac{x-2}{3} &= \frac{3(1-3x)}{15} - \frac{5(x-2)}{15} \\ &= \frac{3-9x-5(x-2)}{15} \\ &= \frac{3-9x-5x+10}{15} \\ &= \frac{13-14x}{15}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{y+1}{12} + \frac{4-2y}{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{y+1}{12} + \frac{4-2y}{6} &= \frac{2(y+1)}{24} + \frac{3(4-2y)}{24} \\ &= \frac{2y+2+12-6y}{24} \\ &= \frac{14-4y}{24} \\ &= \frac{\cancel{2}(7-2y)}{\cancel{12}\cancel{24}} \\ &= \frac{7-2y}{12}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{10y-4}{3} - \frac{2y+1}{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{10y-4}{3} - \frac{2y+1}{6} &= \frac{2(10y-4)}{6} - \frac{2y+1}{6} \\ &= \frac{20y-8-(2y+1)}{6} \\ &= \frac{20y-8-2y-1}{6} \\ &= \frac{18y-9}{6} \\ &= \frac{\cancel{3}9(2y-1)}{\cancel{2}\cancel{6}} \\ &= \frac{3(2y-1)}{2}\end{aligned}$$